

in "urging upon the British Government to control the production of such habit-forming drugs and to limit their production to the amount required for legitimate medical use, and to limit their export to such countries as have established laws and regulations which effectively control the traffic in these drugs and restrict their use to legitimate purposes only;" and

Resolved, Third, That we respectfully urge American manufacturers, importers and dealers in narcotic drugs and alkaloids, to refuse to accept orders for these commodities from Japanese firms except in those cases in which the order is accompanied by a guarantee from the Japanese Government that the articles are intended for medicinal use only and that they will not be re-shipped from Japan.

CHARLES H. LAWALL moved "that the officers of this Section take such steps as are necessary to bring about personal interviews properly delegated persons, members of the American Pharmaceutical Association, and the officers of the Treasury Department, for the purpose of calling their attention to certain abuses with which we are confronted." Seconded and carried. (See also address of Assistant Prohibition Commissioner H. M. Gaylord, under Minutes of Section on Commercial Interests.

GOOD PUBLICITY.

The Journal of the Michigan State Pharmaceutical Association and the Detroit Retail Druggists' Association reprints an editorial from the *Grand Rapids Herald* under the caption of "No Bootleggers Here"—it reads:

"Michigan druggists aren't of the stuff of bootleggers. That much was demonstrated in the early hours of the annual State convention in this city. The spirit of the convention appears practically unanimously opposed, not only to the illegal 'blind pig' selling of whiskey on a prescription basis, but as well to the sale for beverage or toilet waters, hair tonics and similar drugs.

"One of the old stand-pat arguments of the anti-prohibitionists was the promise that under a dry regime every drug store would become a saloon. In some sections of the United States the prophecy may have come true. It has not and will not in Michigan. There may be a long profit in featuring alcoholic hair tonics and toilet lotions, but Michigan druggists aren't after that kind of money. There may also be a large field for the sale of wood alcohol to the thirsty, but this trade also bears the stamp of their disapproval. They intend to obey both the letter and the spirit of the law."

The *Herald* believes that the men of the Michigan drug trade have displayed in their attitude toward the problems brought upon them by prohibition a fine, upstanding sense of good citizenship and business integrity.

The *Journal* comments on the moral at this: "Had there been no State Association there would have been no representative expression of principles and consequently no recognition from the press.

NATIONAL WHOLESALE DRUGGIST'S ASSOCIATION ACTIVITIES.

Recognizing the importance of having a uniform drug law, the American Bar Association has appointed a committee with James S. Sexton as Chairman for the purpose of codifying the laws of the different States and drafting a measure that will meet with general approval. The National Wholesale Druggist's Association has been invited to assist in the preparation of this law and has agreed to do so.

The *Buckeye*, which is this year's title of the convention booster of the N. W. D. A., has made its first appearance. It will appear regularly until the 46th annual meeting of the association, which is to be held in Cincinnati, October 25-29, 1920, is history. The advantages of Cincinnati as a convention city and reasons why members of the association should attend the convention constitute the major part of the subject matter in this issue.—*Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter*.